



Human Authority and Systems Autonomy in Systems of Systems

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Gunnar Holmberg

Director Business Development, Future Air Systems, Saab Aeronautics

Adjunct professor, Linköping University

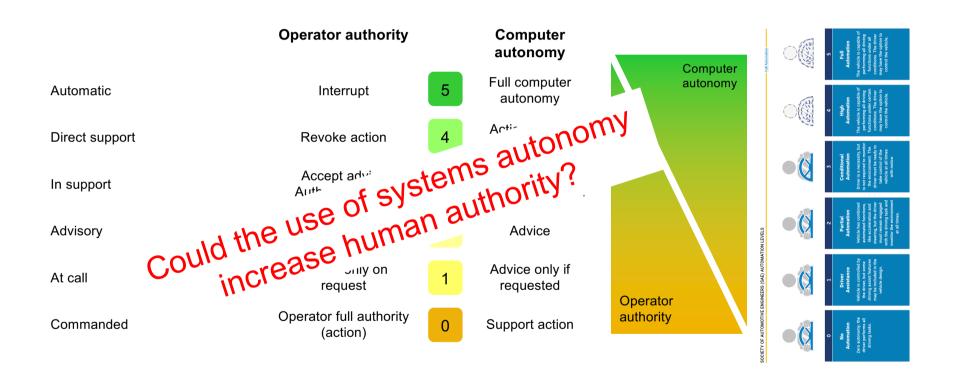


System of systems

Definition: a set of systems that interact to provide a unique capability ' e of its System of systems is an approach that constituent systems (technical, human or organizational) can **y**wn compared to a System with the same scope (ISO 21841) Strive to allow more rapid response to new ary Characterisation: Operational indendevelopment, Emergent behand needs and context dynamics Related t IoT (Hens Un-networked CPS Make better use of resources Complex in Cyber-Physical Systems: Conjoined cyber and IoT **CPS** physical aspects of the "This paper system, always containing embedded software cyber-physica originating fro Interacting CPS that are Internet of Things: considerable ce of the three concepts..." connected by non-Internet Networked CPS technologies connected via the Internet (Henshaw 2016)



Human authority and Systems autonomy

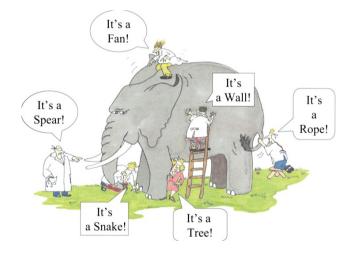


Taylor R M, Capability, Cognition and Autonomy, RTO HFM Symposium on "The Role of Humans in Intelligent and Automated Systems", Warsaw, Poland, 7-9 October 2002, and published in RTO-MP-088.



Presentation outline

Context



Temporality



Incompleteness







Shaping a future with Al-Benefits from AI are mainly expected in complex settings of complex products and systems















ORDER AND SAFETY

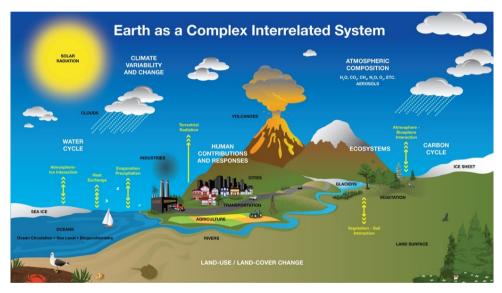


CHEMICAL & NUCLEAR INDUSTRY











The example of Air Traffic management



Authority and Autonomy

Both manned and unmanned systems could benefit from autonomy. Remotely operated systems could use remote presence together with various degree of autonomy support:

- Remote tower is based on remote presence and has potential for improvements using autonomy, e.g. enhanced reality
- RPAS needs autonomy for e.g. Sense and Avoid in order to operate safely without exhausting operator quickly

Key aspects include:

- Trust
- Presence
- Authority
- Safety
- Security
- Liability



The example of Air Traffic management





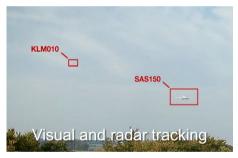
Remote tower

Enables air traffic services to be provided more efficiently for any airport, from any location. "Be where you want, act where you are needed"

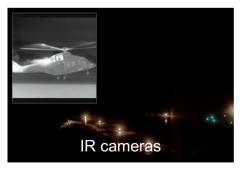
Certified for remote presence, with possibility to augment capability.













COMPANY

Everyone has the Right to be Safe





Future Public Safety Systems

- Challenge to master complexity of systems of systems and diversity of potential missions
- Intelligent systems with a high degree of autonomy interacting with humans
- · A mix of heterogeneous manned and unmanned systems
- · Situation awareness and readiness based on networking systems
- Use of resources developed for other purposes
 - Monitor situation
 - · React for unusual situations and alarms
 - Start to act quickly on limited info with limited resources
 - Adjust collaborative reaction as situation understanding grows and resources are added
 - Prioritize among many urgent missions





WASP Demo Arena WARA-PS

systems with intense interactions and sliding combinations

Collaborating humans and autonomous systems of

of human authority and systems autonomy















WATER

FOOD

ORDER AND

NUCLEAR INDUSTRY

RESEARCH



Represents needed solutions

Represents needed solutions
future
and challenges for future
and challenges for systems
systems of systems



Three time horizons of design-car transport





			Design Space	Context	Characteristics	Authority- Autonomy
	Real time to minutes		Drive	roads, traffic, weather, obstactles	Reactive and evolutionary Time critical, intuitive, rapid and bounded	Role of driver dependent on degree of automation and complexity of situation
	Minutes to hours		A to B transport	time, experience and data on routes, weather, traffic	Planning and replanning, Evolutionary	Driver often selects among options
	Years to decades		Mode of transport- having a car available	Selecting car type and ownership	Strategic and planned Design decisions continuously adapted	N/A Mainly potential contribution from analysis data during selection
	T	Long t	erm design spaces, e.g transport system, reg		Designing a partly unknown future	N/A

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Design spaces and incompleteness

- Incompleteness: the remaining design needed to perform a task with the system
- A possible typology for incompleteness for complex systems with AI
 - System incompleteness- complemented by human authority
 - Task incompleteness- lacking definition of what is to be performed
 - Contextual understanding incompleteness- limited definition or understanding of the context
 - Human authority incompleteness- variation and unpredictability of human behaviour





Human Authority and Systems Autonomy in SoS

- Complex systems are becoming increasingly intelligent and require considerations of a dynamic context
- System of systems has the potential to enable more efficient responses to context dynamics



- Temporality and evolution offer challenges like time for development, maturity of technology and context evolution
- System of Systems enable strategies for dealing temporality, allocating functions to constituent systems vs SoS level combining novel and legacy systems



- Incompleteness reflects the remaining design needed to perform a task with a system.
- System of Systems enable preparing the use of a system in a partly unknown scenario by combining human authority and systems autonomy adaptively





